Instructions:

- Exercises are to be performed 3 times per week.
- Allow one rest day between each exercise day.
- You may divide the exercises into groups and perform them at different times. For example, in the morning perform \( \frac{1}{2} \) the exercises and in the afternoon perform the other \( \frac{1}{2} \) OR one day perform 2 groups of exercises (all the sets and repetitions for 2 exercises) and the next day perform the other 2 groups.
- Mark the calendar to show that you have done the exercises. Use the comment section to write out any problems or changes you experienced. Contact the research staff if you have questions or problems.

Terms:

Warm-up phase = before exercising, perform the warm-up stretching activity as described. This activity is designed to prepare your muscles and joints for the exercises.

Sets = the completion of one consecutive grouping of repetitions of an exercise.

Repetitions = the number of times the movement or exercise is repeated without resting within one set

Rest period = A rest period is specified between each set. The rest time ranges from 30–60 seconds to 60–90 seconds. Resume the exercise as soon as this time has passed. You may perform the active movements without resistance during the rest period. Do not resume the exercise before the minimum time has passed to avoid fatigue.

Example: 3 sets of 15 repetitions = perform the exercise 15 times. Rest 60–90 seconds after the 15 repetitions. Repeat for a total of 3 sets.
Warm–up Phase
Stretching and Active movements

I. Stretching

- Hold each stretch position for 15 seconds
- Repeat each stretch 3 to 5 times
- Do not bounce in stretch position or apply a forceful pull on the muscles or joints.

1) Position wheelchair in a door frame. Place arm in shoulder extension with external rotation and elbow extension by holding the edge of the door frame with the thumb pointing upward. While holding the door frame, rotate upper body away from the door frame until a gentle stretch is felt.

2) Wrap arm around the front of the upper body, use the other hand to apply gentle pressure just above the elbow to stretch.

3) Hold side of wheelchair seat or lower frame of the wheelchair with one hand, lean away from this arm and side bend the neck away from this side.

(Continued)
II. Active Movements

Before beginning each of the resistance exercises and during rest periods, perform 3 to 5 motions of each activity without resistance. These movements should be performed gently to help prepare your muscles for the resistance exercises. If you experience any unusual or significant pain with the movements, try gently stretching the muscles again before starting with the weight or exercise bands. If this pain continues, do not perform the painful exercises this session. You can perform the other exercises if you are not having the significant pain with those motions. Identify the exercises not performed on your exercise log and indicate that you had pain on that day. If you have to miss more than 2 days of exercise due to this pain, contact the research staff to discuss the problem.

1. **THUMB UP**—With your arm straight and thumb pointing upward, raise arm out to the side and slightly in front to just below shoulder level. Repeat 3 to 5 times.

2. **ARM ROTATION**—With your elbow at the side of your body, rotate your forearm and hand away from your belly out to the side. Repeat 3 to 5 times.

3. **SHOULDER SQUEEZE**—Gently squeeze your shoulder blades together and downward. Hold for 2 seconds. Repeat 3 to 5 times.

4. **ARM DIAGONALS**—Raise your arm above your head and out to the side. Move your hand toward the opposite knee. Repeat 3 to 5 times.

(Continued)
Resistance Exercises

NOTE: Please perform all exercises slowly in both directions.

I. “Thumb Up” Exercise With a Handheld Weight
   Strengthening for endurance

Body position:
Seated in wheelchair holding a weight with your wheelchair brakes on.

Arm position:
Start position—arm at side of body. Elbow straight, weight in hand or secured on wrist, thumb pointing upward.

Motion:
1. Raise arm upward (out to side and slightly forward) to a level that is just below (no higher than) the shoulder in a slow, controlled manner.
2. Return to start position with a slow, controlled motion downward.

GOAL

Perform 3 SETS of 15 REPETITIONS.

- REST for 1 to 2 minutes between SETS
- Weight = _______
II. Shoulder Rotations With Exercise Band

Strengthening

Wheelchair position:
Position chair at a 90-degree angle with band secured to an object on the opposite side of the arm that will be performing the exercises (for example, place handle of exercise band between the door and the door jam and close the door securely). Place your wheelchair brakes on.

Body position:
Seated in wheelchair with elastic band attached securely to object on the side farthest from the exercise arm.

Arm position:
Place a towel roll between your side and your elbow and upper arm. Squeeze your elbow gently against the towel roll to keep it in place.

Hold the band with your hand beside your stomach, elbow bent at a right angle

Motion:
1. Rotate your arm away from your stomach pulling the band out to the side to a point that you feel resistance but you are not forcing the arm outward. Keep the band level with the floor and your wrist straight during the movement.
   *Keep your elbow by your side, holding the towel roll in place between your arm and body.*
2. Hold the end position for 1 second.
3. Return to start position with a slow, controlled motion as your hand returns to a position against your stomach.

GOAL

Perform 3 SETS of 8 REPETITIONS.

- REST for 1 to 2 minutes between SETS
- Elastic Color = ________
III. “Shoulder Squeeze” With Exercise Bands
   Strengthening for endurance

Body position:
Seated in wheelchair with elastic bands secured to object in front of wheelchair (for example, place handle of exercise band between the door and the door jam and close the door securely). Pull wheelchair up against the door for stability. You can use your other hand to brace yourself against the wall in front or on the wheelchair. Place your wheelchair brakes on.

Arm position:
Secure the band around your upper arm just above elbow and bend elbow at a right angle.

Motion:
1. In a smooth motion, squeeze your shoulder blades together and downward.
2. Hold position for 3 seconds.
3. Return to start position in a slow, smooth motion

GOAL
Perform 3 SETS of 15 REPETITIONS.
- REST for 1 to 2 minutes between SETS
- Elastic Color = ________
IV. Pull Downs With Elastic Bands

Strengthening

Body position:
Seated in wheelchair

Equipment position:
Securely attach the exercise band above head height (for example, place handle of exercise band over the top of a door and close the door securely). Position wheelchair with the back of chair against the door with brakes on (or wheel stops in place).

Arm position:
Align exercise shoulder under the overhead band in the doorway. Hold the elastic band with arm at a height of shoulder level and elbow straight.

Motion:
1. Pull band downward across the body toward the opposite knee in a slow controlled motion.
2. Hold for 1 second.
3. Return to start position slowly.

GOAL

Perform 3 SETS of 8 REPETITIONS.

- REST for 1 to 2 minutes between SETS
- Elastic Color = _______
### Transfer and Raise Modification Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check each item addressed</th>
<th>Transfer and Raise Modification Recommendations</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust height of transfer surfaces to make the 2 surfaces level whenever possible.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust height of transfer surfaces to lower the target surface whenever possible.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Avoid extremes of motions or positions of the arms during transfers.</td>
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<td>Turn hand outward whenever possible when transferring.</td>
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<td>Lean trunk forward during the transfer.</td>
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<td>Lead with the arm experiencing shoulder pain whenever possible.</td>
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<td>Bring transfer surfaces as close together as possible. Use a sliding board for painful transfers whenever possible.</td>
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<td>Avoid depression raises. Use an alternate technique such as forward or side-to-side lean.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Do keep arm/hands on the transfer surfaces rather than placing hand/arm above shoulder height or gripping overhead handles during transfers.</td>
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<td>Use graded height surfaces to transfer from the ground to a higher surface such as a step stool or your cushion.</td>
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### Wheelchair Propulsion Modification Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check each item addressed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use long, smooth strokes rather than short, frequent strokes when propelling your wheelchair.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Allow your hand to naturally drift downward when finishing the push stroke in order to avoid a rapid change in direction of the arm.</td>
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<td>Avoid a rapid, forceful impact on the pushrim.</td>
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<td>Push off the tires to obtain better shock absorption rather than the pushrim.</td>
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<td>Avoid rough or uneven terrain.</td>
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<td>Stop and rest if you have to push over uneven terrain for a long distance.</td>
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<td>Avoid steep inclines whenever possible.</td>
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<td>If you lose your momentum when propelling up an uphill grade, stop and turn chair to the side to rest your arms before continuing.</td>
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<td>If your arms become tired when pushing for a long distance, stop and rest.</td>
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<td>Other</td>
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